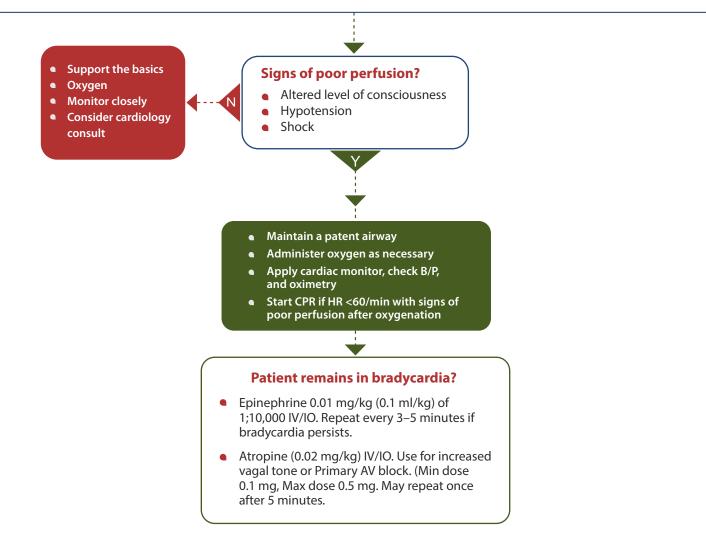
Pediatric bradycardia



The basics

- 1. If possible and if the patient is stable, treat and identify the cause of the bradycardia, such as hypothermia, hypoxia, or medications
- 2. Maintain a patent airway
- 3. Oxygen as indicated
- 4. Apply cardiac monitor
- 5. Vital signs
- 6. IV/IO access
- 7. 12-lead if available and patient is stable enough (do not delay care)



American Heart Association 2015 Handbook of Emergency Cardiovascular Care for Healthcare Providers, November 2015, American Heart Association ISBN 978-1-61669-397-8, Pages 80 Pediatric Advanced Life Support Provider Manual, American Heart Association, October 2011, ISBN 978-1-61669-112-7, pages 113-119

Version control: This document follows 2020 American Heart Association[®] guidelines for CPR and ECC. American Heart Association[®] guidelines are updated every five years. If you are reading this page after December 2025, please contact support@acls.net for an update. Version 2023.07.a

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